

## ANNEXE 2

# TABLE DES TRANSFORMÉES DE LAPLACE À L'USAGE DES AUTOMATICIENS ET ELECTRONICIENS

### 1 Transformations usuelles - fonctions continues

Toutes les fonctions du temps s'entendent multipliées par l'échelon unité  $u(t)$ .

Autrement dit, toutes les fonctions sont causales.

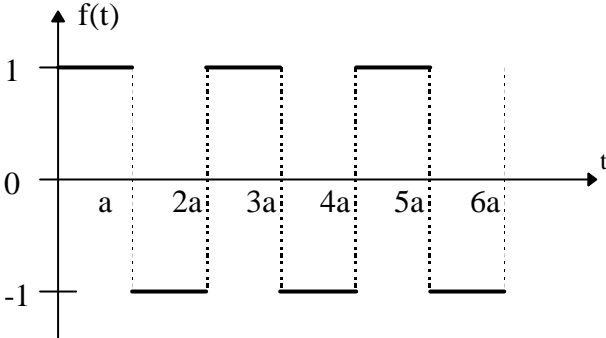
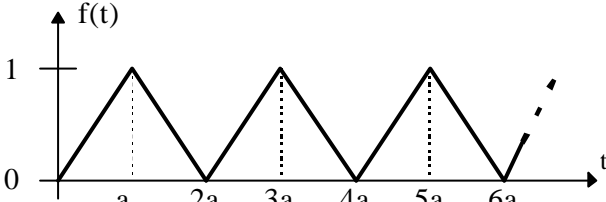
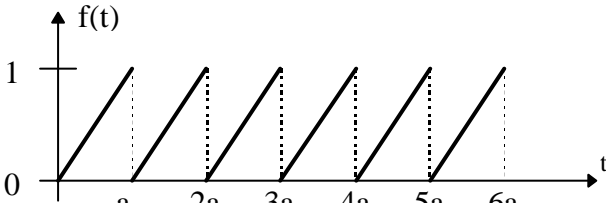
$f(t)$	$F(p)$
$\delta(t)$	1
$\delta^{(n)}(t)$	$p^n \quad n > 0$
$A$	$\frac{A}{p}$
$A.t$	$\frac{A}{p^2}$
$\frac{t^{n-1}}{(n-1)!} \quad n \text{ entier } n \geq 1$	$\frac{A}{p^n}$
$\frac{1}{T} e^{-t/T}$	$\frac{1}{1+Tp}$
$1 - e^{-t/T}$	$\frac{1}{p(1+Tp)}$
$t - T + T e^{-t/T}$	$\frac{1}{p^2(1+Tp)}$
$\frac{1}{T_1 - T_2} (e^{-t/T_1} - e^{-t/T_2})$	$\frac{1}{(1+T_1p)(1+T_2p)}$
$1 - \frac{1}{T_1 - T_2} (T_1 e^{-t/T_1} - T_2 e^{-t/T_2})$	$\frac{1}{p(1+T_1p)(1+T_2p)}$
$t - (T_1 + T_2) - \frac{1}{T_1 - T_2} (T_2^2 e^{-t/T_2} - T_1^2 e^{-t/T_1})$	$\frac{1}{p^2(1+T_1p)(1+T_2p)}$

$\frac{1}{T^3}(T-t)e^{-t/T}$ $\frac{1}{T^2}e^{-t/T}$ $1-\left(1+\frac{t}{T}\right)e^{-t/T}$ $t-2T+(t+2T)e^{-t/T}$	$\frac{p}{(1+Tp)^2}$ $\frac{1}{(1+Tp)^2}$ $\frac{1}{p(1+Tp)^2}$ $\frac{1}{p^2(1+Tp)^2}$
$\frac{\mathbf{w}_n^2}{\sqrt{1-\mathbf{x}^2}} \cdot e^{-\mathbf{x}\mathbf{w}_n t} \cdot \text{Sin}\left(\mathbf{w}_n \sqrt{1-\mathbf{x}^2} t + \mathbf{q}\right)$ $\mathbf{q} = \mathbf{p} - \text{ArcCos} \mathbf{x}$ $\frac{\mathbf{w}_n}{\sqrt{1-\mathbf{x}^2}} \cdot e^{-\mathbf{x}\mathbf{w}_n t} \cdot \text{Sin}\left(\mathbf{w}_n \sqrt{1-\mathbf{x}^2} t\right) \quad 0 < \mathbf{x} < 1$ $1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\mathbf{x}^2}} \cdot e^{-\mathbf{x}\mathbf{w}_n t} \cdot \text{sin}\left(\mathbf{w}_n \sqrt{1-\mathbf{x}^2} t + \mathbf{y}\right)$ $\mathbf{y} = \text{ArcCos} \mathbf{x}$ $t - \frac{2\mathbf{x}}{\mathbf{w}_n} + \frac{1}{\mathbf{w}_n \sqrt{1-\mathbf{x}^2}} \cdot e^{-\mathbf{x}\mathbf{w}_n t} \cdot \text{Sin}\left(\mathbf{w}_n \sqrt{1-\mathbf{x}^2} t + 2\mathbf{y}\right)$	$\frac{p}{1 + \frac{2\mathbf{x}}{\mathbf{w}_n} p + \frac{p^2}{\mathbf{w}_n^2}}$ $\frac{1}{1 + \frac{2\mathbf{x}}{\mathbf{w}_n} p + \frac{p^2}{\mathbf{w}_n^2}}$ $\frac{1}{p\left(1 + \frac{2\mathbf{x}}{\mathbf{w}_n} p + \frac{p^2}{\mathbf{w}_n^2}\right)}$ $\frac{1}{p^2\left(1 + \frac{2\mathbf{x}}{\mathbf{w}_n} p + \frac{p^2}{\mathbf{w}_n^2}\right)}$
$((b-a)t+1)e^{-at}$	$\frac{p+b}{(p+a)^2}$
$t^n$	$\frac{n!}{p^{n+1}}$
$\text{Cos} a t$	$\frac{p}{p^2+a^2}$
$\text{Cos}(a t + \mathbf{j})$	$\frac{p \text{Cos} \mathbf{j} - a \text{Sin} \mathbf{j}}{p^2+a^2}$
$\text{Sin} a t$	$\frac{a}{p^2+a^2}$
$\text{Sin}(a t + \mathbf{j})$	$\frac{p \text{Sin} \mathbf{j} + a \text{Cos} \mathbf{j}}{p^2+a^2}$

$\text{si } a^2 > b^2: \frac{1}{p_1 - p_2} (e^{p_1 t} - e^{p_2 t})$ $\text{avec } \begin{cases} p_1 = -a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \\ p_2 = -a - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \end{cases}$ $\text{si } a^2 = b^2: te^{-at}$ $\text{si } a^2 < b^2: \frac{1}{\mathbf{w}} e^{-at} \text{Sin} \mathbf{w} \quad \text{avec } \mathbf{w} = \sqrt{b^2 - a^2}$	$\frac{1}{p^2 + 2ap + b^2}$
$\text{si } a^2 > b^2: \frac{1}{b^2} + \frac{1}{p_1 - p_2} \left( \frac{1}{e^{p_1 t}} - \frac{1}{e^{p_2 t}} \right)$ $\text{avec } \begin{cases} p_1 = -a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \\ p_2 = -a - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \end{cases}$ $\text{si } a^2 = b^2: \frac{1}{a^2} (1 - e^{-at} - ate^{-at})$ $\text{si } a^2 < b^2: \frac{1}{b^2} \left( 1 - \frac{e^{-at}}{\mathbf{w}} (a \text{Sin} \mathbf{w} + \mathbf{w} \text{Cos} \mathbf{w}) \right)$ $= \frac{1}{b^2} \left( 1 - \frac{be^{-at}}{\mathbf{w}} \text{Sin}(\mathbf{w} + \mathbf{j}) \right)$ $\text{avec } \mathbf{w} = \sqrt{b^2 - a^2} \quad \text{et} \quad \text{tg} \mathbf{j} = \frac{\mathbf{w}}{a}$	$\frac{1}{(p^2 + 2ap + b^2)^2}$
$\frac{1}{a} e^{bt} \sin at$	$\frac{1}{(p - b)^2 + a^2}$
$e^{bt} \cos at$	$\frac{p - b}{(p - b)^2 + a^2}$
$\frac{1}{a} \text{Sh} at$	$\frac{1}{p^2 - a^2}$
$\text{Ch} at$	$\frac{p}{p^2 - a^2}$
$\frac{1}{a} e^{bt} \text{Sh} at$	$\frac{1}{(p - b)^2 - a^2}$
$e^{bt} \text{Ch} at$	$\frac{p - b}{(p - b)^2 - a^2}$
$\frac{e^{bt} - e^{at}}{b - a}$	$\frac{1}{(p - a)(p - b)}$
$\frac{be^{bt} - ae^{at}}{b - a}$	$\frac{p}{(p - a)(p - b)}$
$\frac{(c - a)e^{-at} - (c - b)e^{-bt}}{b - a}$	$\frac{p + c}{(p + a)(p + b)}$

$\frac{e^{-at}}{(b-a)(c-a)} + \frac{e^{-bt}}{(a-b)(c-b)} + \frac{e^{-ct}}{(a-c)(b-c)}$	$\frac{1}{(p+a)(p+b)(p+c)}$
$\frac{\sin at - at \cos at}{2a^3}$	$\frac{1}{(p^2 + a^2)^2}$
$\frac{1}{2a} t \sin at$	$\frac{p}{(p^2 + a^2)^2}$
$\frac{\sin at + at \cos at}{2a}$	$\frac{p^2}{(p^2 + a^2)^2}$
$\cos at - \frac{1}{2} at \sin at$	$\frac{p^3}{(p^2 + a^2)^2}$
$t \cos at$	$\frac{p^2 - a^2}{(p^2 + a^2)^2}$
avec $\begin{cases} \sin ix = +i \operatorname{sh} x \\ \cos ix = \operatorname{ch} x \end{cases}$	formules en $\frac{1}{p^2 - a^2}$ changer $a$ en $ia$
$\frac{e^{at/2}}{3a^2} \left( \sqrt{3} \sin \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} at - \cos \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} at + e^{-3at/2} \right)$	$\frac{1}{p^3 + a^3}$
$\frac{e^{at/2}}{3a} \left( \cos \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} at + \sqrt{3} \sin \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} at - e^{-3at/2} \right)$	$\frac{p}{p^3 + a^3}$
$\frac{1}{3} \left( e^{at} + 2e^{-at/2} \cos \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} at \right)$	$\frac{p^2}{p^3 - a^3}$
$\frac{e^{-bt} - e^{-at}}{2(b-a)\sqrt{p^3}}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{p+a} + \sqrt{p+b}}$
$\frac{e^{-a^2/4t}}{\sqrt{p}}$	$\frac{e^{-a\sqrt{p}}}{\sqrt{p}}$
$\frac{a}{2\sqrt{p^3}} e^{-a^2/4t}$	$e^{-a\sqrt{p}}$
$\frac{1}{t} (e^{-bt} - e^{-at})$	$\ln \left( \frac{p+a}{p+b} \right)$

## 2 Transformations usuelles - fonctions discontinues

$f(t)$	$F(p)$
 $f(t) = u(t) + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^k u(t - ka)$	$\frac{1}{p} \operatorname{th} \left( \frac{ap}{2} \right)$
	$\frac{1}{ap^2} \operatorname{Th} \left( \frac{ap}{2} \right)$
 $f(t) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{t}{a} [u(t - ka) - u(t - (k+1)a)]$	$\frac{1}{ap^2} (1 - e^{-ap} - ape^{-ap}) \frac{1}{1 - e^{-ap}}$